IN THE CLAIMS

Please amend the claims as follows:

- 1. (currently amended) A method for enhancing a discrete pixel image, the method comprising the steps of:
 - (a) smoothing image data representative of pixels of a reconstructed image;
- (b) identifying structural features from the smoothed image data resulting from
 (a) and generating a mask representative based on the structural identification;
 - (c) orientation smoothing the structural features;
 - (d) homogenization smoothing non-structural regions;
 - (e) orientation sharpening the structural features;
- (f) blending texture from <u>non-structural regions of</u> the image data into data processed in accordance with the foregoing steps.
- 2. (original) The method of claim 1, wherein the structural features are determined based upon a scaled threshold value.
- 3. (original) The method of claim 2, wherein the scaled threshold value is computed based upon an initial threshold value and a scaling factor input by a user.
- 4. (original) The method of claim 1, wherein in step (b) the structural features include pixels having values below a first threshold value but above a second, lower threshold value, and positioned adjacent to a structural pixel.
- 5. (original) The method of claim 1, wherein step (c) includes dominant orientation smoothing pixels based upon a dominant orientation and an orientation orthogonal to the dominant orientation.

- 6. (original) The method of claim 5, wherein dominant orientation smoothing is performed based upon a predetermined relationship between a characteristic of each structural pixel in the dominant orientation and in the orthogonal orientation.
- 7. (original) The method of claim 6, wherein the characteristic is a number of counts of orientations within a neighborhood of each structural pixel.
- 8. (original) The method of claim 1, wherein step (e) is performed only for structural pixels having a value above a desired lower limit value.
- 9. (currently amended) A method for enhancing a discrete pixel images, the method comprising the steps of:
- (a) identifying structural features from discrete pixel image data based upon a user selected scaling factor applied to a predetermined threshold value and generating a mask representative based on the structural identification;
 - (b) orientation smoothing the structural features;
 - (c) homogenization smoothing non-structural regions;
 - (d) orientation sharpening the structural features; and
- (e) bending blending texture from non-structural regions of the image data into the image data processed in accordance with the foregoing steps.
- 10. (original) The method of claim 9, comprising the further step of smoothing the image data prior to identifying the structural features.
- 11. (original) The method of claim 9, wherein the structural features include pixels having values below a first threshold value but above a second, lower threshold value, and positioned adjacent to a structural pixel.

- 12. (original) The method of claim 9, wherein step (b) includes dominant orientation smoothing pixels based upon a dominant orientation and an orientation orthogonal to the dominant orientation.
- 13. (original) The method of claim 12, wherein dominant orientation smoothing is performed based upon a predetermined relationship between a characteristic of each structural pixel in the dominant orientation and in the orthogonal orientation.
- 14. (original) The method of claim 13, wherein the characteristic is a number of counts of orientations within a neighborhood of each structural pixel.
- 15. (original) The method of claim 9, wherein step (d) is performed only for structural pixels having a value above a desired lower limit value.
- 16. (currently amended) A method for enhancing a discrete pixel images, the method comprising the steps of:
- (a) identifying structural features from discrete pixel image data, the structural features including pixels having values above a first threshold and pixels having values below the first threshold value but above a second, lower threshold value and positioned adjacent to a first pixel, and generating a mask representative of the structural features based on the structural identification;
 - (b) orientation smoothing the structural features;
 - (c) homogenization smoothing non-structural regions;
 - (d) orientation sharpening the structural features; and
- (e) blending texture <u>from non-structural regions of the image data</u> into <u>image</u> data processed in accordance with the foregoing steps.
- 17. (original) The method of claim 16, wherein first threshold is based upon a scaling factor selected by a user.

- 18. (original) The method of claim 16, wherein step (b) includes dominant orientation smoothing pixels based upon a dominant orientation and an orientation orthogonal to the dominant orientation.
- 19. (original) The method of claim 18, wherein dominant orientation smoothing is performed based upon a predetermined relationship between a characteristic of each structural pixel in the dominant orientation and in the orthogonal orientation.
- 20. (original) The method of claim 16, wherein the characteristic is a number of counts of orientations within a neighborhood of each structural pixel.
- 21. (original) The method of claim 16, wherein step (d) is performed only for structural pixels having a value above a desired lower limit value.
- 22. (currently amended) A method for enhancing a discrete pixel image, the method comprising the steps of:
- (a) identifying structural features from discrete pixel image data and generating a mask representative based on the structural identification;
- (b) orientation smoothing the structural features based upon a dominant orientation for each pixel and an orientation orthogonal to the dominant orientation;
 - (c) homogenization smoothing non-structural regions;
 - (d) orientation sharpening the structural features; and
- (e) blending texture <u>from non-structural regions of the image data</u> into image data processed in accordance with the foregoing steps.
- 23. (original) The method of claim 22, comprising the further step of smoothing the image data prior to identifying the structural features.

- 24. (original) The method of claim 22, wherein the structural features are determined based upon a scaled threshold value.
- 25. (original) The method of claim 24, wherein the scaled threshold value is computed based upon an initial threshold value and a scaling factor input by a user.
- 26. (original) The method of claim 22, wherein in step (a) the structural features include pixels having values below a first threshold value but above a second, lower threshold value, and positioned adjacent to a structural pixel.
- 27. (original) The method of claim 22, wherein dominant orientation smoothing is performed based upon a predetermined relationship between a characteristic of each structural pixel in the dominant orientation and in the orthogonal orientation.
- 28. (original) The method of claim 27, wherein the characteristic is a number of counts of orientations within a neighborhood of each structural pixel.
- 29. (previously presented) The method of claim 22, wherein step (d) is performed only for structural pixels having a value above a desired lower limit value.
- 30. (currently amended) A system for enhancing a discrete pixel image, the system comprising:

an output device for producing a reconstructed image based upon processed image data; and

a signal processing circuit configured to provide processed image data by smoothing image data representative of pixels of the reconstructed image, identifying structural features from the smoothed image data and generating a mask representative based on the structural identification, orientation smoothing the structural features, homogenization smoothing non-structural regions, orientation sharpening the structural features, and

blending of texture from non-structural regions of the image data into final-image data processed in accordance with the foregoing processing.

- 31. (original) The system of claim 30, further comprising an image data acquisition system for producing image data signals processed by the signal processing circuit.
- 32. (original) The system of claim 31, wherein the image data acquisition system includes a magnetic resonance scanner.
- 33. (original) The system of claim 30, wherein the structural features are determined based upon a scaled threshold value.
- 34. (original) The system of clare 33, wherein the scaled threshold value is computed based upon an initial threshold value and a scaling factor input by a user.
- 35. (original) The system of claim 30, wherein in the structural features include pixels having values below a first threshold value but above a second, lower threshold value, and positioned adjacent to a structural pixel.
- 36. (original) The system of claim 30, wherein the dominant orientation smoothing is based upon a dominant orientation and an orientation orthogonal to the dominant orientation.
- 37. (original) The system of claim 30, wherein dominant orientation smoothing is performed based upon a predetermined relationship between a characteristic of each structural pixel in the dominant orientation and in the orthogonal orientation.

- 38. (original) The system of claim 37, wherein the characteristic is a number of counts of orientations within a neighborhood of each structural pixel.
- The system of claim 30, wherein the sharpening is performed 39. (original) only for structural pixels having a value above a resired lower limit value.

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